

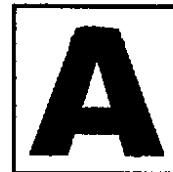
**DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO**

**T.B.C. : B-RP/WX-O-AA**

**Test Booklet Series**

**Serial No.**

**TEST BOOKLET  
Paper—I**



**Time Allowed : Two Hours**

**Maximum Marks : 150**

**INSTRUCTIONS**

1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
2. Please note that it is the candidate's responsibility to encode and fill in the Roll Number and Test Booklet Series A, B, C or D carefully and without any omission or discrepancy at the appropriate places in the OMR Answer Sheet. Any omission/discrepancy will render the Answer Sheet liable for rejection.
3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. *DO NOT* write anything else on the Test Booklet.
4. This Test Booklet contains 120 items (questions). Each item is printed both in **Hindi** and **English**. Each item comprises four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose **ONLY ONE** response for each item.
5. You have to mark all your responses **ONLY** on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See directions in the Answer Sheet.
6. **All** items carry equal marks.
7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer Sheet the response to various items in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per instructions sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
8. After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to the Invigilator *only the Answer Sheet*. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.
9. Sheets for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.
10. **Penalty for wrong answers :**  
THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY A CANDIDATE IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION PAPERS.
  - (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, **one-third** of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
  - (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a **wrong answer** even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to that question.
  - (iii) If a question is left blank, i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be **no penalty** for that question.

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**ध्यान दें : अनुदेशों का हिन्दी रूपान्तर इस पुस्तिका के पिछले पृष्ठ पर छपा है।**

1. Which one of the following statements with regard to Business Advisory Committee of Lok Sabha is correct?
  - (a) Minutes of the Committee are not laid on the Table of the House.
  - (b) Minutes of the Committee are laid on the Table of the House.
  - (c) The Deputy Speaker is the Chairman of the Committee.
  - (d) The Committee undertakes study visits.
2. Consider the following statements :
  1. When the report of a Parliamentary Committee is to be presented to the House, an entry is made in the List of Business.
  2. The Chairman presents the report of a Parliamentary Committee to the Speaker when Lok Sabha is in session.
  3. The Chairman presents the report of a Parliamentary Committee to the House when Lok Sabha is in session.
  4. The report of the Public Accounts Committee of Parliament is laid on the Tables of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

  - (a) 1 and 2
  - (b) 1 and 3 only
  - (c) 1, 3 and 4
  - (d) 3 and 4 only
3. The 'information' which **cannot** be supplied under the Right to Information Act, 2005 includes
  - (a) information relating to any private body which can be accessed by a public authority under any law
  - (b) opinions
  - (c) information relating to Border Roads Development Board
  - (d) samples
4. Which one of the following is **not** a focus area of the National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM)?
  - (a) Building institutions for the poor
  - (b) Promotion of financial inclusion
  - (c) Promotion of skills and placement support
  - (d) Assured employment to the poor
5. Which one of the following is correct?
  - (a) The Department of Pharmaceuticals is under the Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilizers
  - (b) The Department of Scientific and Industrial Research is under the Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises
  - (c) The Ministry of Commerce and Industry was wound up in 2014
  - (d) The Department of Border Management is under the Ministry of Defence

6. Which one of the following States of India has the highest literacy rate as per the latest census?

- (a) Mizoram
- (b) Kerala
- (c) Maharashtra
- (d) West Bengal

7. Which one of the following statements is **incorrect**?

- (a) The Fundamental Right to Equality can be claimed by any person.
- (b) The Fundamental Right to Equality can be claimed against a statutory corporation.
- (c) The Fundamental Right to Equality is violated when the State resources are distributed in any manner other than by inviting bids.
- (d) The Fundamental Right to Equality is violated if unguided power is conferred on an administrative authority.

8. Which one of the following statements with regard to special address by the President to both Houses of Parliament is correct?

- (a) Special address by the President in the Central Hall is not treated as a joint sitting of the Houses.
- (b) Special address by the President in the Central Hall is considered as a part of the sitting of the Houses.
- (c) Special address by the President is held immediately before every session of Parliament.
- (d) Special address by the President can also be held in the Rashtrapati Bhawan.

9. Which one of the following statements on adjournment and prorogation of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha is correct?

- (a) While the House is adjourned to meet again at a particular time and date, prorogation ends the meeting of the House without deciding any time and date for its next meeting.
- (b) While the House is adjourned not to meet again at a particular time and date, prorogation ends the meeting of the House by deciding time and date for its next meeting.
- (c) Prorogation and adjournment are similar terms with regard to the Houses.
- (d) Adjournment of the Houses completes the business of the House.

10. 'Competent authority' under the provisions of the Right to Information Act, 2005 does **not** include the

- (a) Vice President of India in case of Council of States
- (b) Chief Minister in case of National Capital Territory of Delhi
- (c) President of India in case of Union Public Service Commission
- (d) Chief Justice of Delhi High Court in case of Delhi High Court

11. Which one of the following is *not* a constituent of the National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP)?

- (a) Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY)
- (b) Indira Gandhi National Old Age Pension Scheme (IGNOAPS)
- (c) Indira Gandhi National Widow Pension Scheme (IGNWPS)
- (d) National Family Benefit Scheme (NFBs)

12. Which one of the following is *incorrect*?

- (a) The Department of Official Language is not under the Ministry of Human Resource Development
- (b) External Affairs and Overseas Affairs are looked after by two separate ministries
- (c) There is no department of Jammu and Kashmir Affairs
- (d) There exists a separate department of Disability Affairs

13. The State of Telangana has been carved out from which State/States?

- (a) Odisha
- (b) Andhra Pradesh
- (c) Odisha and Andhra Pradesh
- (d) Odisha, Andhra Pradesh and Maharashtra

14. Which one of the following relates to Fundamental Rights?

- (a) Right to Property
- (b) Right to Education
- (c) Free Legal Aid
- (d) Social Justice

15. Which one of the following statements regarding Parliamentary privileges is correct?

- (a) Freedom from arrest extends to criminal offences also.
- (b) Freedom from arrest does not extend to criminal offence.
- (c) Freedom from arrest can be claimed in respect of Preventive Detention also.
- (d) Freedom from arrest can be claimed even for non-Parliamentary work.

16. Which one of the following statements with regard to the private members' business in Lok Sabha is correct?

- (a) The last two and a half hours on every Friday is allotted to private members' business in Lok Sabha.
- (b) During private members' business, members can seek clarificatory statement from the ministers on questions raised during question hour.
- (c) The time for various private members' business is allotted by the Business Advisory Committee.
- (d) Private members' business is taken up everyday after 3:30 p.m. in Lok Sabha.

17. Which one of the following statements states the correct procedure for appointment of the Chief Information Commissioner?

- (a) The Chief Information Commissioner is appointed by the President of India.
- (b) The Chief Information Commissioner is appointed by the President of India on the recommendations of a committee of three persons which includes Leader of Opposition in Lok Sabha.
- (c) The Chief Information Commissioner is appointed by the President of India on the recommendations of a committee consisting of three persons which includes Leader of Opposition or, if no such leader has been recognized, the leader of the single largest group in opposition in the House of the People.
- (d) The Chief Information Commissioner is appointed by the President of India on the recommendations of a committee of three persons nominated by the Prime Minister.

18. Which of the following are the major issues concerning solid waste management in Indian cities?

- 1. Absence of segregation of waste at source
- 2. Lack of adequate wastes to operate at a profitable scale
- 3. Indifference of citizens towards waste management due to lack of awareness
- 4. Lack of community participation towards waste management

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 3 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

19. Of late, you as a film distributor have been having problem in exporting Indian feature films to certain countries because of an ambiguity in the policy on export of feature films. Who of the following authorities would you represent to for review of the policy?

- (a) Director General of Foreign Trade
- (b) Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion
- (c) Ministry of Information and Broadcasting
- (d) Ministry of Culture

20. You are associated with a Non-Governmental Organization (NGO) engaged in protection of the marine environment on the high seas. You want to explore the possibility of obtaining some financial assistance from the Government. Who would you take up the matter with?

- (a) Ministry of Shipping
- (b) Ministry of Finance
- (c) Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change
- (d) Ministry of Earth Sciences

21. Which one of the following statements about the earthquake that hit Nepal in April 2015 is **incorrect**?

- (a) The magnitude of the earthquake was more than 7 M.
- (b) The aftershocks of the earthquake were felt even in the month of May 2015.
- (c) It was the worst natural disaster to have hit Nepal since 1934.
- (d) The epicentre of the earthquake was in China.

22. Consider the following statements :

- 1. A Constitutional Amendment Bill must be passed by a majority of total Members of each House and by a two-thirds majority of the Members of each House of Parliament present and voting.
- 2. An amendment to the First Schedule of the Constitution of India to give away a portion of Indian territory to Bangladesh in exchange of certain territories belonging to Bangladesh requires the above procedure to be followed.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

23. While according permission to treat a paper/document as laid on the Table of Lok Sabha, the Speaker is **not** guided by which one of the following?

- (a) That matter contained in the paper or document was in some way connected with business then before the Houses
- (b) That the document contained facts and was propagandist in nature
- (c) That the document was original and authentic
- (d) That the document contained nothing which was against the wider interest of the nation

24. Which one of the following statements relating to Constitutional Amendment Bill is correct?

- (a) In case of any disagreement between the two Houses of Parliament on a Constitutional Amendment Bill, there cannot be a joint sitting of the Houses of Parliament.
- (b) The President is not bound to give assent to a Constitutional Amendment Bill passed by prescribed special majority and, where necessary, ratified by the requisite number of State Legislatures.
- (c) There can be a joint sitting on a Constitutional Amendment Bill.
- (d) Constitutional Amendment Bill can be passed even without a division.

**25.** Under the provisions of the Right to Information Act, 2005, 'public authority' includes

1. an institution created by a law and registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860
2. a Government company
3. an institution in the private sector created by a State Legislation

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

(a) 1, 2 and 3

(b) 2 and 3 only

(c) 2 only

(d) 1 only

**26.** Water-use efficiency in India is one of the lowest in the world. This is because of

1. absence of rational pricing of water
2. wasteful agricultural practices
3. excess drawal of groundwater leading to falling water table

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

(a) 1, 2 and 3

(b) 1 and 3 only

(c) 2 and 3 only

(d) 2 only

**27.** Suppose you want to set up a chain of open-air theatres in the rural areas and various State capitals to promote folk music and dances. Who would you approach with your proposal?

(a) The State Governments concerned

(b) Ministry of Panchayati Raj

(c) Ministry of Rural Development

(d) Ministry of Culture

**28.** Which one of the following is the objective of the Negotiable Instruments (Amendment) Ordinance, 2015?

(a) To bring about clarity on jurisdictional issues for trying cases of cheque bouncing

(b) To increase the validity of a cheque from 3 to 6 months from the date of issue

(c) To redefine the term 'public holiday'

(d) All of the above

29. Which one of the following amendments in the Constitution of India is treated as a Constitutional Amendment within the meaning of Article 368?

- (a) Altering the name of a State mentioned in the First Schedule
- (b) Amendment of the provisions of Article 124 for the appointment of judges to the Supreme Court of India
- (c) Amendment of the Fourth Schedule to the Constitution
- (d) Establishment of a new State

30. Consider the following statements about passage of Bills in Parliament :

- 1. Bills for admission or establishment of new States, formation of new States and alteration of areas, boundaries or names of existing States are passed by a simple majority of members present and voting.
- 2. Bills for creation or abolition of Legislative Councils in the States are passed by a special majority.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

31. Consider the following statements regarding short duration discussion in Lok Sabha :

- 1. Notice to raise a short duration discussion can be given in writing, addressed to the Prime Minister.
- 2. Notice to raise a short duration discussion is to be given in writing, addressed to the Secretary General.
- 3. Notices for raising short duration discussion can be laid on the Table of the House.
- 4. Notice for short duration discussion should be accompanied by an explanatory note.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1, 2 and 4
- (c) 2 and 4 only
- (d) 3 and 4

32. According to the provisions of the Right to Information Act, 2005, 'right to information' does **not** mean

- (a) inspection of documents under the control of a public authority
- (b) taking notes of documents under the control of a public authority
- (c) taking certified samples of materials under the control of a public authority
- (d) information which is not under the control of a public authority

**33.** In order to enhance the potential of the forestry sector in India, which strategy/strategies should be adopted?

1. Focus on actions that promote carbon sequestration
2. Focus on actions that improve and enhance ecosystem goods and services

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**34.** The Ex-Servicemen Contributory Health Scheme (ECHS) is administered by which one of the following organizations/ministries?

- (a) Directorate General Resettlement
- (b) Department of Ex-Servicemen Welfare
- (c) Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
- (d) Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilizers

**35.** Which one of the following statements with regard to Union Budget 2015–16, as presented by Shri Arun Jaitley, is **incorrect**?

- (a) It was the first budget presented by him after formation of the Government by the National Democratic Alliance in 2014.
- (b) It was the second successive budget presented by him.
- (c) He did not propose any change in the rate of personal income tax.
- (d) He proposed abolition of the levy of Wealth Tax with effect from the Assessment Year 2016–17.

**36.** Under the Constitution of India

- 1. the State shall not make any law which takes away the Fundamental Rights
- 2. law for taking away the Fundamental Rights will include even an Ordinance

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

37. After the Motion of Thanks is adopted in Lok Sabha, it is conveyed to the President directly by the

- (a) Speaker
- (b) Vice President
- (c) Prime Minister
- (d) Minister of Parliamentary Affairs

38. A Bill undergoes three readings in each House before it is submitted to the President for his assent. Which one of the following statements is **not** correct with regard to the three readings of the Bill?

- (a) The first reading refers to the motion for leave to introduce the Bill on the adoption of which the Bill is introduced.
- (b) The second reading refers to general discussion, clause by clause consideration and adoption of the Bill.
- (c) The third reading refers to passage of the Bill.
- (d) None of the above

39. Who does **not** have the right to information under the Right to Information Act, 2005?

- (a) A citizen who is not aggrieved from the decision of a public authority
- (b) An entity affected from the decision of a public authority
- (c) A permanent resident of Delhi seeking information from the State Government of UP
- (d) A transgender seeking information on his rights to carry on trade

40. According to the provisions of the Right to Information Act, 2005, a public authority is under **no** obligation to

- (a) ensure that all records that are appropriate to be computerized are computerized within a reasonable time subject to availability of resources
- (b) publish within fixed time a directory of its officers and employees
- (c) disseminate all materials only in the local language
- (d) provide reasons for its administrative or quasi-judicial decisions to the affected persons

41. Which one of the following is **not** a direct benefit of 'group farming' schemes such as 'Kudumbashree' in Kerala and 'Andhra Pradesh Mahila Samatha Society'?

- (a) They have brought substantial uncultivated land under farming
- (b) They have increased food security among participating households
- (c) They have generated additional employment
- (d) They have facilitated acquisition of land by the Government

42. Which one of the following Acts, administered by the Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion, does **not** relate to protection of the Intellectual Property Rights in India?

- (a) The Trade and Merchandise Marks Act, 1958 (43 of 1958)
- (b) The Patents Act, 1970 (39 of 1970)
- (c) The Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955)
- (d) The Designs Act, 2000 (16 of 2000)

43. Which one of the following statements with regard to the Mazagon Dock Limited, Garden Reach Shipbuilders and Engineers Limited, Goa Shipyard Limited and Hindustan Shipyard Limited is **not** correct?

- (a) They are public sector undertakings.
- (b) They are capable of making certain types of ships and other marine vessels.
- (c) They receive regular budgetary support from the Ministry of Defence.
- (d) They are subject to audit by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.

44. Which one of the following statements with regard to reservation is correct?

- (a) The ceiling of 50% fixed for total reservations is not applicable when 3% posts are reserved in public services for persons with physical disability.
- (b) No special courts can be established in view of equality clause.
- (c) A reserved category candidate has a right to relaxation in qualifications.
- (d) A reserved category candidate must always be considered against the reserved posts only.

45. Consider the following statements about Money Bill :

1. Under the Constitution of India, a Money Bill cannot be returned to the House by the President for reconsideration.
2. Provision of Article 108 of the Constitution of India is applicable to a Money Bill.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**46.** Under which of the following grounds, the President may convene a joint sitting of Parliament?

1. If a Bill passed by one House is rejected by the other House
2. More than six months lapse from the date of receipt of the Bill by the other House without the Bill being passed by it

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**47.** As per the provisions of the Right to Information Act, 2005, in which one of the following languages a request for information **cannot** be made?

- (a) English
- (b) Hindi
- (c) Any language spoken by the applicant
- (d) The official language of the area

**48.** Which one of the following statements is correct with regard to the Right to Information Act, 2005?

- (a) An illiterate person cannot seek information.
- (b) An applicant seeking information must give reasons for making the application.
- (c) Every applicant must make an application with the prescribed fee except in some cases.
- (d) An applicant seeking information must give all personal details while making the application.

**49.** Which one of the following writs can be issued against a person who is illegally occupying a public office?

- (a) Certiorari
- (b) Mandamus
- (c) Quo warranto
- (d) Prohibition

**50.** Which ministry/office is piloting the initiative on development of Smart Cities in India?

- (a) Ministry of Urban Development
- (b) Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment
- (c) Prime Minister's Office
- (d) Ministry of Finance

51. Suppose, an issue concerning celebration of some traditional festivals in Puducherry (Pondicherry) and Goa has cropped up. It has the potential of affecting India's relations with France and Portugal respectively. Which one of the following would handle the issue?

- (a) Ministry of External Affairs
- (b) Ministry of Culture
- (c) Cabinet Secretariat
- (d) Ministry of Home Affairs

52. Which one of the following statements with regard to writ of habeas corpus is correct?

- (a) It can be issued in case of a foreigner who is in India.
- (b) The principle of *laches* is applicable for this writ.
- (c) The principle of *res judicata* is applicable for this writ.
- (d) It can be issued after a person has been released from prison.

53. Who among the following does *not* hold office at the pleasure of the President of India?

- (a) A Civil Servant
- (b) A Union Minister
- (c) A Judge of the High Court
- (d) The Attorney General of India

54. According to the provisions of the Right to Information Act, 2005, which one of the following statements is *incorrect*?

- (a) Where an application is made to a public authority requesting for an information which is held by another public authority, the public authority to which the application is made shall transfer that application to that other public authority not later than five days from the date of receipt of the application.
- (b) The information sought by an applicant must be given within thirty days of receipt of the request unless the request is refused.
- (c) The information can be refused in certain cases.
- (d) The information relating to life and liberty must be given within one week of the receipt of request.

55. Which one of the following statements is *incorrect* under the Right to Information Act, 2005?

- (a) If an information is not supplied within specified time, it shall be presumed that the request for information has been refused under Section 7(2) of the Act.
- (b) If a request for information is deemed to have been refused under Section 7(2) of the Act, it shall be supplied free of cost.
- (c) If a request for information has been refused under Section 7(1) of the Act, reasons for such rejection need not be communicated.
- (d) Every communication relating to refusal of request for information under Section 7(1) of the RTI Act, 2005 must be accompanied by the particulars of the appellate authority.

56. Which of the following is/are envisaged to be included in a fully operational Health Information System (HIS)?

1. Universal registration of births and deaths
2. Nutritional surveillance particularly among women and children
3. Disease surveillance to detect and act on disease outbreaks and epidemics

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 3
- (d) 1 only

57. Which one of the following ministries would you apply to for obtaining an industrial license under the provisions of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 (65 of 1951)?

- (a) Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises
- (b) Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises
- (c) Ministry of Labour and Employment
- (d) Ministry of Commerce and Industry

58. You want to obtain some information under the Right to Information Act, 2005 regarding the Direct Benefits Transfer Scheme. The Public Information Officer (PIO) of which ministry/department should you address your application to?

- (a) Ministry of Labour and Employment
- (b) Department of Revenue
- (c) Department of Expenditure
- (d) Department of Disinvestment

59. By signing the Land Boundary Agreement in June 2015, India has settled its boundary with which one of the following countries?

- (a) Bangladesh
- (b) Myanmar
- (c) Bhutan
- (d) Pakistan

60. Consider the following statements regarding assent of the President on a Bill passed by Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha :

1. The President can give assent or withhold assent to a Bill.
2. The President is not bound to give assent to Constitutional Amendment Bill.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

61. Which one of the following statements with regard to Motions in Lok Sabha is **not** correct?

- (a) Subsidiary Motions do not depend upon or relate to other motions or emerge from some proceedings in the House.
- (b) Subsidiary Motions are divided into Ancillary Motions, Superseding Motions and Amendments.
- (c) Ancillary Motions are motions which are recognized by the practice of the House as the regular way of proceedings with various kinds of business.
- (d) Superseding Motions are moved in the course of the debate on another question and seek to supersede that question.

62. Which one of the following information **cannot** be refused under the Right to Information Act, 2005?

- (a) Information relating to intellectual property whose disclosure is not in larger public interest
- (b) Information which might impede the process of apprehension of offenders
- (c) Information obtained by a person in his fiduciary relationship, the disclosure of which is not in larger public interest
- (d) Reasons concerning the decisions of Council of Ministers except those concerning matters which have been exempted under Section 8

63. Which one of the following is **not** correct in the context of vocational education in India?

- (a) There is a lot of variation across States in the percentage of population having acquired skills through vocational education
- (b) All States in India have performed poorly in spreading vocational education
- (c) The National Knowledge Commission (NKC) has recommended expansion and redesigning of vocational education
- (d) The mid-term appraisal of the Eleventh Five-Year Plan emphasized the need for appropriate certification by accrediting agencies

64. Consider the following statements relating to Amendments in Lok Sabha :

- 1. An amendment is a Subsidiary Motion.
- 2. An amendment may relate to a clause of a bill, resolution or motion.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**65.** Consider the following statements relating to Lok Sabha :

1. A Motion of No-Confidence can be moved only against the Council of Ministers as a whole but not against any individual minister.
2. There is nothing in the rule either for or against a Censure Motion being moved against a single minister under rules relating to motions in general.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**66.** Under the Constitution of India

1. certain Fundamental Duties have been imposed on all citizens of India
2. laws made to give effect to Directive Principles of State Policy can override the Fundamental Rights under Articles 14 and 19
3. children between 12–14 years of age can be employed for all kinds of work

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

**67.** Consider the following statements about No-Day-Yet-Named Motions in Lok Sabha :

1. Where notices of a Government motion and a private members' motion are received on the same subject, the Government motion is admitted and the private members' motion is disallowed.
2. A copy of the motion is forwarded to the Minister concerned as well as the Minister of Parliamentary Affairs.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**68.** Consider the following statements about Censure Motion :

1. No leave of the House is required to move a Censure Motion.
2. It is in the discretion of the Government to find time and to fix a date for its discussion.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**69.** Under the Right to Information Act, 2005, an Information Commissioner can be removed from his office, if he

1. has been convicted of an offence involving moral turpitude
2. is unfit to continue in office by reason of his mental infirmity
3. has acquired a financial interest which is likely to prejudicially affect his functions

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

(a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only  
(c) Any of the above three grounds  
(d) 3 only

**70.** Which one of the following statements is correct under the Right to Information Act, 2005?

- (a) An Information Commissioner can carry on his usual profession.
- (b) An Information Commissioner can be a member of any political party.
- (c) An Information Commissioner can be a member of Legislative Assembly of a Union Territory.
- (d) An Information Commissioner can be removed from his office only by the President of India.

**71.** Which of the following interventions is/are supported under the Rashtriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan (RMSA)?

1. Upgrading of upper primary schools to secondary schools
2. Providing in-service training for teachers
3. Providing for major repairs of school buildings and residential quarters for teachers

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

(a) 1 only  
(b) 1 and 2 only  
(c) 2 and 3 only  
(d) 1, 2 and 3

**72.** Which one of the following is **not** a part of the responsibility of the Department of Defence Production?

- (a) Defence Public Sector Undertakings
- (b) Ordnance Factory Board
- (c) Defence Quality Assurance Organization
- (d) Advising the Defence Minister on the impact of developments in science and technology on national security

**73.** Which one of the following is **not** under the administrative control of the Ministry of Home Affairs?

- (a) Assam Rifles
- (b) Coast Guard
- (c) National Security Guard
- (d) Sashastra Seema Bal

**74.** Which one of the following is **not** associated with 25th of December?

- Birth of Madan Mohan Malaviya
- Birth of Atal Bihari Vajpayee
- Pravasi Bharatiya Divas
- Good Governance Day

**75.** The Legislative Assembly of Delhi **cannot** make law on

- land
- water
- agriculture
- prison

**76.** Consider the following statements relating to grant of leave of the House of the People for moving a No-Confidence Motion :

- The Speaker calls upon members who are in favour of leave being granted to rise in their seats.
- Leave is deemed to be granted by the House if not less than fifty-five members rise.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- 1 only
- 2 only
- Both 1 and 2
- Neither 1 nor 2

**77.** Under the Right to Information Act, 2005

- an appeal against the decision of the Public Information Officer can be preferred before the appellate authority within thirty days of receipt of the decision
- second appeal against the decision of the appellate authority lies within ninety days from the date on which the decision was received

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- 1 only
- 2 only
- Both 1 and 2
- Neither 1 nor 2

**78.** The time span of the Twelfth Five-Year Plan is/was

- 2007-08 to 2011-12
- 2012-13 to 2016-17
- 2015-16 to 2019-20
- 2013-14 to 2017-18

**79.** Matters related to the Central Vigilance Commission are dealt with by

- Ministry of Law and Justice
- Ministry of Home Affairs
- Cabinet Secretariat
- None of the above

**80.** Which one of the following statements is correct?

- India has a Chief of Defence Staff.
- India has a permanent Chairman of the Chiefs of Staff Committee.
- India has a Chairman of the Chiefs of Staff Committee.
- India has all the three mentioned above.

81. Consider the following statements about statement by a minister who has resigned :

1. A member who has resigned the office of minister may, with the consent of the Speaker, make a personal statement in the House in explanation of his resignation.
2. No such statement can be made in the House by a minister who is not a Member of Lok Sabha.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

82. Under the Right to Information Act, 2005, the Central Information Commission has power to

1. receive and inquire into any complaint from any person regarding refusal to access any information requested under the Act
2. require a public authority to compensate the complainant for any loss suffered by him
3. impose punishment of not more than three months imprisonment on a Public Information Officer who has unjustifiably refused information

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 3
- (d) 3 only

83. Which one of the following is **not** an implication of subsidies offered by the Government?

- (a) Subsidies are a drain on the resources of the Government
- (b) Subsidies tend to make the commodity or service cheaper than what it would have been
- (c) Subsidies often have environmental implications
- (d) Subsidies make the market more efficient

84. The Lieutenant Governor of Delhi can

- (a) appoint Ministers for National Capital Territory of Delhi
- (b) promulgate an Ordinance on his own when the Legislative Assembly of Delhi is not in session
- (c) send a report to the President of India that for proper administration of the National Capital Territory of Delhi it is necessary to suspend the provisions of Article 239-AA of the Constitution, indicating failure of constitutional machinery
- (d) dismiss the Chief Minister along with his other ministers

**85. Under the Constitution of India**

1. the President is required to act on the aid and advice of the Council of Ministers
2. the Governor of a State has some discretionary powers
3. the Chief Minister of National Capital Territory of Delhi is appointed to aid and advise the Lieutenant Governor of Delhi in the exercise of his functions in relation to matters with respect of which the Legislative Assembly has power to make laws except in respect of discretionary functions

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

(a) 1 and 2 only

(b) 2 only

(c) 3 only

(d) 1, 2 and 3

**86. The Tata Institute of Fundamental Research is under the administrative control of the Department of**

(a) Space

(b) Defence Research and Development

(c) Higher Education

(d) Atomic Energy

**87. The strategic dialogue between India and the US does *not* include which one of the following?**

(a) Four 'pathfinder projects'

(b) Joint exercises

(c) Deployment of the Indian forces in Afghanistan

(d) Development of aircraft carrier technologies

**88.** Which one of the following statements is **incorrect**?

- (a) The principle of adult suffrage is contained under Article 326 of the Constitution of India.
- (b) Adult suffrage means eighteen years of age of a person on a specified date.
- (c) Every citizen of India who is not less than eighteen years of age has a right to vote and contest all elections held by the Election Commission of India.
- (d) A citizen of India above eighteen years of age may be disqualified to contest elections on the ground of non-residence.

**89.** Which of the following statements relating to the Chief Whip of Lok Sabha is/are correct?

- 1. Chief Whip of the Government Party in Lok Sabha is the Minister of Parliamentary Affairs.
- 2. Chief Whip of the Government Party in Lok Sabha is directly responsible to the Speaker.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**90.** Which one of the following statements with regard to the Right to Information Act, 2005 is **not** correct?

- (a) The Act has an overriding effect.
- (b) The jurisdiction of civil courts is barred in respect of any order made under the Act.
- (c) No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person for anything done by him under the Act.
- (d) The Act does not apply to Narcotics Control Bureau.

**91.** According to the Twelfth Five-Year Plan document, which one of the following is **not** an achievement of the Eleventh Five-Year Plan?

- (a) Growth rate of the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) was higher than that under the Tenth Five-Year Plan
- (b) Growth rate of agriculture sector was higher than that under the Tenth Five-Year Plan
- (c) Rural wage rate did not improve over that under the Tenth Five-Year Plan
- (d) Rate of unemployment came down in 2009–10 from that in 2004–05

92. Which one of the following statements with respect to Union Public Service Commission is correct?

(a) A member holds office for five years.

(b) A member retires at the age of sixty-two years.

(c) A retired member is eligible for reappointment to that office.

(d) Under Article 317(1) of the Constitution of India, a member can be removed from his office only on the ground of misbehaviour.

93. Development of manganese and chrome ore mines is the responsibility of the Ministry of

(a) Mines

(b) Steel

(c) Power

(d) Earth Sciences

94. India's first Indigenous Aircraft Carrier (IAC) built at the Cochin Shipyard Limited was launched in 2013 as

(a) INS Viraat

(b) INS Vikramaditya

(c) INS Vikrant

(d) None of the above

95. Which of the following statements relating to the Prime Minister and Council of Ministers is/are correct?

1. After a general election to Lok Sabha, the Prime Minister and other ministers are appointed and administered oaths of office and of secrecy before the new Lok Sabha holds its first sitting.

2. The Prime Minister and other ministers have also to make and subscribe oath or affirmation as Members of Parliament in the House to which they belong.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

(a) 1 only

(b) 2 only

(c) Both 1 and 2

(d) Neither 1 nor 2

**96.** Which one of the following statements is **not** correct?

- (a) A member who protests against the ruling of the Speaker commits contempt of the House and the Speaker.
- (b) The Speaker is bound to give reasons for his decisions.
- (c) Observations made by the Speaker in the House cannot be interpreted in private correspondence.
- (d) The Speaker is not bound to lay on the Table of the House any communication or representation received by him.

**97.** The Central Information Commission has **no** power

- (a) of a civil court in receiving evidence on affidavit
- (b) in entertaining directly an application for information
- (c) to issue summons for examination of witnesses
- (d) to decide reasonableness of fee decided by the Public Information Officer for supplying information

**98.** Public Interest Litigation **cannot** be filed

- (a) before a High Court
- (b) in respect of a service matter, except for a writ of quo warranto
- (c) to get a crime investigated by CBI
- (d) by a person who is not aggrieved

**99.** Which of the following are the major heads of central plan outlay in recent years (say 2013-14)?

- (a) Social services, energy and transport
- (b) Economic services, industry & minerals, and communication
- (c) General services, rural development, and agriculture & allied activities
- (d) Science, technology and environment, and irrigation & flood control

**100.** Which one of the following is **not** administratively controlled by the Department of Internal Security?

- (a) Rashtriya Rifles
- (b) Indo-Tibetan Border Police
- (c) Border Security Force
- (d) Central Industrial Security Force

**101.** The report submitted by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India to Parliament in May 2015 highlights shortage of ammunition with

- (a) Indian Army
- (b) Indian Navy
- (c) Indian Air Force
- (d) All of the above

**102.** Who has power to make law in respect of a residuary matter?

- (a) Legislature of a State
- (b) Parliament
- (c) Both Parliament as well as Legislature of a State
- (d) The President of India

**103.** Who determines the question as to whether a Member of Lok Sabha has become subject to disqualification on the ground of defection in terms of Tenth Schedule of the Constitution?

- (a) The Speaker of Lok Sabha
- (b) The President of India
- (c) The Supreme Court of India
- (d) The Election Commission of India

**104.** Which of the following statements relating to the Speaker of Lok Sabha are correct?

- 1. He determines whether there is a *prima facie* case for a matter relating to breach of privilege or contempt of the House.
- 2. He uses his discretion to allot the days and to fix the duration for which the Budget, the Appropriation Bill and the Finance Bill are to be discussed by the House.
- 3. He is the supreme controller of all Parliamentary committees.
- 4. He decides on the admissibility of resolutions and motions.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

**105.** The purpose of the Right to Information Act, 2005 is to

- (a) punish corrupt persons
- (b) imprison dishonest civil servants
- (c) promote transparency and accountability
- (d) protect civil servants

**106.** Which one of the following statements pertaining to penalty under the Right to Information Act, 2005 is **not** correct?

- (a) The refusal to receive an application for supplying information without any reasonable cause may entail a fine of ₹ 250 per day with a maximum of ₹ 25,000.
- (b) The refusal to supply information without any reasonable cause may entail a fine of ₹ 250 per day with a maximum of ₹ 25,000.
- (c) Supplying wrong information may entail a fine of ₹ 250 per day with a maximum of ₹ 25,000.
- (d) The refusal to receive an application for supplying information or refusing information may entail a fine of ₹ 25,000.

**107.** A High Court has power to

- 1. enforce Fundamental Rights
- 2. decide disputes between States
- 3. enforce other legal rights

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 3 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

**108.** Special Category States (SCS) as a concept, is based on which of the following features?

- 1. Hilly and difficult terrain
- 2. Strategic location along borders with neighbouring countries
- 3. Economic and infrastructural backwardness
- 4. Non-viable nature of State finances

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 3 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

**109.** The Ministry of Development of North-Eastern Region (NER) is **not** responsible for

- (a) Hill Area Development Programme in NER
- (b) Non-lapsable Fund for NER
- (c) North-Eastern Council
- (d) North-Eastern Space Applications Centre

**110.** The cap on Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) in defence was raised in 2014 to

- (a) 26 per cent
- (b) 49 per cent
- (c) 51 per cent
- (d) 76 per cent

**111.** Which of the following statements relating to Lok Sabha are correct?

1. The President summons and prorogues the House.
2. The Speaker determines the time when a sitting of the House is adjourned *sine die* or to a particular day.
3. The Speaker has the power to recognize parties and groups in the House.
4. The Election Commission has the power to recognize parties and groups in the House.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 1, 2 and 4
- (c) 1, 2 and 3
- (d) 2 and 3 only

**112.** Which of the following are the major economic functions of Governments?

1. Increasing efficiency by promoting competition
2. Promoting equity by using tax and expenditure programme
3. Fostering macroeconomic stability and growth

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

**113.** Which authority shall enquire into and decide the doubts and disputes arising out of or in connection with the election of the President and the Vice President of India?

- (a) The Election Commission of India
- (b) The Supreme Court of India
- (c) Lok Sabha Secretariat
- (d) Rajya Sabha Secretariat

**114.** Which of the following statements relating to the President/Vice President are correct?

1. The President may resign his office by writing under his hand addressed to the Chief Justice of India.
2. The President may resign his office by writing under his hand addressed to the Vice President of India.
3. The Vice President may resign his office by writing under his hand addressed to the President.
4. The Speaker of Lok Sabha may resign his office by writing under his hand addressed to the President.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2 and 4
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 2, 3 and 4
- (d) 1 and 3

**115.** Which one of the following is **not** included in the responsibility of the Department of Defence?

- (a) Hydrographic surveys and preparation of navigational charts
- (b) Matters concerning diving and related activities in the country
- (c) Matters related to National Remote Sensing Agency (NRSA)
- (d) Remounts, veterinary and farms organization

**116.** Which one of the following steps has been recommended by Bibek Debroy Committee on restructuring of the Indian Railways in its interim report submitted in March 2015?

- (a) Setting up an independent regulator to promote competition in the segment
- (b) Gradual privatization of the Indian Railways
- (c) Retention of the Railway Board in its present form
- (d) Continuation of the system of railway budget being presented separately

**117.** Under the Constitution of India, a Panchayat need **not** be constituted at the

- (a) village level
- (b) district level
- (c) intermediate level if the population of the State does not exceed fifty lakh
- (d) intermediate level if the population of the State does not exceed twenty lakh

**118.** A civil servant can be dismissed, removed or reduced in rank without any inquiry and hearing, where

- 1. such action is taken on the ground of conduct which had led to his conviction on a criminal charge
- 2. the competent authority is satisfied that for some reasons, to be recorded by that authority in writing, it is not reasonably practicable to hold such inquiry
- 3. the competent authority finds it expedient to do so

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1, 2 and 3
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1 and 2 only

**119.** Which one of the following statements is correct in relation to the proposed Goods and Services Tax (GST)?

- (a) It will subsume Countervailing Duty, Octroi and Entry Tax.
- (b) It will not subsume Luxury Tax.
- (c) GST on supplies in the course of inter-State trade or commerce will be levied and collected by the State from where the supplies originate.
- (d) A special tribunal will be set up for expeditious dispute resolution.

**120.** The present Lok Sabha is the

- (a) Fourteenth Lok Sabha
- (b) Fifteenth Lok Sabha
- (c) Sixteenth Lok Sabha
- (d) Seventeenth Lok Sabha

**SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK**

जब तक आपको यह परीक्षण पुस्तिका खोलने को न कहा जाए तब तक न खोलें

टी.बी.सी. : B-RP/WX-O-AA

परीक्षण पुस्तिका अनुक्रम

क्रम संख्या

0001997



## परीक्षण पुस्तिका

प्रश्न-पत्र—I

समय : दो घण्टे

पूर्णांक : 150

### अ नु दे श

- परीक्षा प्रारम्भ होने के तुरन्त बाद, आप इस परीक्षण पुस्तिका की पड़ताल अवश्य कर लें कि इसमें कोई बिना छपा, फटा या छूटा हुआ पृष्ठ अथवा प्रश्नांश आदि न हो। यदि ऐसा है, तो इसे सही परीक्षण पुस्तिका से बदल लें।
- कृपया ध्यान रखें कि OMR उत्तर-पत्रक में, उचित स्थान पर, रोल नम्बर और परीक्षण पुस्तिका अनुक्रम A, B, C या D को, ध्यान से एवं बिना किसी चूक या विसंगति के भरने और कूटबद्ध करने की जिम्मेदारी उम्मीदवार की है। किसी भी प्रकार की चूक/विसंगति की स्थिति में उत्तर-पत्रक निरस्त कर दिया जाएगा।
- इस परीक्षण पुस्तिका पर साथ में दिए गए कोष्ठक में आपको अपना अनुक्रमांक लिखना है। परीक्षण पुस्तिका पर और कुछ न लिखें।
- इस परीक्षण पुस्तिका में 120 प्रश्नांश (प्रश्न) दिए गए हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्नांश हिन्दी और अंग्रेजी दोनों में छपा है। प्रत्येक प्रश्नांश में चार प्रत्युत्तर (उत्तर) दिए गए हैं। इनमें से एक प्रत्युत्तर को चुन लें, जिसे आप उत्तर-पत्रक पर अंकित करना चाहते हैं। यदि आपको ऐसा लगे कि एक से अधिक प्रत्युत्तर सही हैं, तो उस प्रत्युत्तर को अंकित करें जो आपको सर्वोत्तम लगे। प्रत्येक प्रश्नांश के लिए केवल एक ही प्रत्युत्तर चुनना है।
- आपको अपने सभी प्रत्युत्तर अलग से दिए गए उत्तर-पत्रक पर ही अंकित करने हैं। उत्तर-पत्रक में दिए गए निर्देश देखें।
- सभी प्रश्नांशों के अंक समान हैं।
- इससे पहले कि आप परीक्षण पुस्तिका के विभिन्न प्रश्नांशों के प्रत्युत्तर उत्तर-पत्रक पर अंकित करना शुरू करें, आपको प्रवेश प्रमाण-पत्र के साथ प्रेषित अनुदेशों के अनुसार कुछ विवरण उत्तर-पत्रक में देने हैं।
- आप अपने सभी प्रत्युत्तरों को उत्तर-पत्रक में भरने के बाद तथा परीक्षा के समाप्ति पर केवल उत्तर-पत्रक अधीक्षक को सौंप दें। आपको अपने साथ परीक्षण पुस्तिका ले जाने की अनुमति है।
- कच्चे काम के लिए पत्रक परीक्षण पुस्तिका के अन्त में संलग्न हैं।
- गलत उत्तरों के लिए दण्ड :**  
वस्तुनिष्ठ प्रश्न-पत्रों में उम्मीदवार द्वारा दिए गए गलत उत्तरों के लिए दण्ड दिया जाएगा।
  - प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर हैं। उम्मीदवार द्वारा प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए दिए गए एक गलत उत्तर के लिए प्रश्न हेतु नियत किए गए अंकों का एक-तिहाई दण्ड के रूप में काटा जाएगा।
  - यदि कोई उम्मीदवार एक से अधिक उत्तर देता है, तो इसे गलत उत्तर माना जाएगा, यद्यपि दिए गए उत्तरों में से एक उत्तर सही होता है, किंतु भी उस प्रश्न के लिए उपर्युक्तानुसार ही उसी तरह का दण्ड दिया जाएगा।
  - यदि उम्मीदवार द्वारा कोई प्रश्न हल नहीं किया जाता है, अर्थात् उम्मीदवार द्वारा उत्तर नहीं दिया जाता है, तो उस प्रश्न के लिए कोई दण्ड नहीं दिया जाएगा।

जब तक आपको यह परीक्षण पुस्तिका खोलने को न कहा जाए तब तक न खोलें

*Note : English version of the instructions is printed on the front cover of this Booklet.*